

NY3D Series

5 I/O Single-Chip Speech Synthesizer

Version 2.1

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Revision History

Version	Date	Description	Modified Page
1.0	2012/11/28	Formal release.	-
		2.6 : Modify 28 kinds of play-speed value, and new play speed must be cooperated with NY3(B)_FDB Ver.B.	3, 6
	00404004	2.19: Add Anti-Noise Debounce function.	5, 8
1.1	2013/06/24	7. : Add "LVR/POP enable" standby current.	10
		Modify maximum and minimum Fosc value.	10
		Modify "Voltage vs Freq. Deviation" OSC curve.	10
1.9	2014/11/24	Change IC body: NY3D032C.	3, 6
2.0	2018/05/08	Modify the pull-low resistor option 300K to 1.5M.	3
2.1	2019/02/26	Release NY3DxxxC version IC. Modify Operating Current. Update Voltage vs Frequency Deviation chart.	3, 5 10 10



1. 概述

NY3D系列產品為單晶片CMOS語音合成 IC,共有12個母體分別為 NY3D005C、NY3D010C、NY3D016C、NY3D021C、NY3D032C、NY3D043C、NY3D054C、NY3D065C、NY3D076C、NY3D087C、NY3D100C和NY3D115C。具有5個I/O腳,利用精準的內阻震盪故不需外加震盪電阻,只有一組PWM輸出,故無須再外加任何零件。語音合成方式為 5-bit Advanced DPCM,搭配 10-bit PWM 硬體輸出,可以提供很好的音質。藉由製造過程中更換Code光罩,可將不同的語音資料寫入ROM中。用戶可使用簡便的 Q-Speech 和 Quick-IO 工具軟體來快速地進行開發。

2. 功能

(1). 寬廣的工作電壓: 1.6V~5.5V。

(2). 共有12個母體, ROM大小及秒數(@6kHz)如下:

NY3D005	NY3D010	NY3D016	NY3D021	NY3D032	NY3D043	NY3D054	NY3D065	NY3D076	NY3D087	NY3D100	NY3D115
6C80H (27776)	EC80H (60544)	16C80H (93312)	1EC80H (126080)	2EC80H (191616)	3EC80H (257152)	4EC80H (322688)	5EC80H (388224)	6EC80H (453760)	7EC80H (519296)	96C80H (617600)	A6C80H (683136)
4.63s	10.09s	15.55s	21.01s	31.94s	42.89s	53.78s	64.70s	75.63s	86.55s	102.93s	113.86s

- (3). 有5個I/O腳: OKY1/O5、OKY2/O4、IO1、IO2 和 IO3 可分別選作輸入腳或是輸出腳 (光罩選擇)。
- (4). 語音最多可被分割成768個語音段(Voice Section),每段長度可不同。每一個語音段的最大長度和最小長度都沒有限制。
- (5). 最多有1536個語音格(Voice Step),可規劃成128個語音組(Voice Sentence),OKY1/O5、OKY2/O4、IO1、IO2、IO3和POP能分別指定 64、60、1、1、1 個語音組(Sentence)。每一語音格(Step)可指定任一個語音段(Section)和 IO1、IO2、IO3、OKY2/O4、OKY1/O5 的輸出搭配(當IOx設為輸出時)。
- (6). 只有內建一組準確的頻率振盪器(+/- 1.5% 誤差), <u>並無提供外部震盪電阻選項</u>。共有28種不同播放速度可供選擇,每一個語音格(Voice Step)可選擇不同的播放速度來使用。(新的播放速度必須搭配 NY3(B)_FDB Ver.B)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
24.0kHz	20.0kHz	17.1kHz	15.0kHz	13.3kHz	12.0kHz	10.9kHz	10.0kHz	9.2kHz	8.6kHz
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
8.0kHz	7.5kHz	7.1kHz	6.7kHz	6.3kHz	6.0kHz	5.7kHz	5.5kHz	5.2kHz	5.0kHz
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
4.8kHz	4.6kHz	4.4kHz	4.3kHz	4.1kHz	4.0kHz	3.9kHz	3.8kHz		

- (7). 輸入腳的輸入選項:(光罩選擇)
 - (a). 任一輸入腳可分別選擇 Edge/Level, Hold/Unhold, Retrigger/Irretrigger 不同的觸發方式組合。
 - (b). 任一輸入腳可分別選擇 CDS+1.5M、CDS、1.5M 的下拉電阻 或 Floating。(CDS+1.5M選項: 當按鍵按下時,IC內部為 1.5M 的下拉電阻;而當按鍵放開時,IC內部為 300K+1.5M 並聯 的下拉電阻 約250K。CDS: 當按鍵按下時,IC內部為 Floating;而當按鍵放開時,IC內部為 300K 的下拉電阻。)
 - (c). 任一輸入腳可分別選擇Debounce時間: Long 提供一般按鍵使用; Short 提供彈跳開關使用。
 - (d). OKY1/O5和OKY2/O4輸入腳最多各有64和60個Sentence的One-Key sequential 或 random 的選擇,在 One-Key sequential 時並可選擇Sentence的播放順序在其他按鍵被觸發後是否要Reset。



- (e). 只有一個輸入腳可選擇是否有 Toggle On/Off 的功能 (1^{st} 觸發 → 播放, 2^{nd} 觸發 → 停止,……)。
- ※ 注意: 按鍵輸入的優先順序為 OKY1/O5 > OKY2/O4 > IO1 > IO2 > IO3。
- (8). 所有的輸出腳都有以下 4 種輸出電流選項:(光罩選擇)
 - (a). Normal Sink Current Output (一般灌電流輸出):輸出腳接LED到VDD。(I₀=20mA/30mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (b). Large Sink Current Output (大灌電流輸出):輸出腳接LED到VDD。(I₀I=58mA/75mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (c). Constant Sink Current Output (定灌電流輸出):輸出腳接LED到VDD, VDD=3V和4.5V的輸出電流為恆定電流,不會因為VDD不同而影響到LED亮度。(loi=20mA/22mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (d). Drive Current Output (拉電流輸出):輸出腳接LED到GND。(Ioh=7mA/10mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
- (9). 所有的輸出腳都分別有以下 9 種輸出訊號選項:(光罩選擇)
 - (a). Stop_Low pulse: 停止播放時送出低位準脈衝。
 - (b). Stop_High pulse: 停止播放時送出高位準脈衝。
 - (c). Busy_High active:播放時送出高位準訊號。(Drive輸出)
 - (d). Busy_Low active:播放時送出低位準訊號。(Sink輸出)
 - (e). LED 1.5Hz flash:播放時 LED 1.5Hz Sink輸出閃爍。
 - (f). LED 3Hz flash:播放時 LED 3Hz Sink輸出閃爍。
 - (g). LED 6Hz flash:播放時 LED 6Hz Sink輸出閃爍。
 - (h). LED dynamic 1/2:播放時 LED根據1/2聲音位準做Sink輸出動態閃爍。
 - (i). QIO訊號:可隨聲音作任意的輸出變化,IO1、IO2、IO3各有兩組QIO訊號,每一個語音格(Step)可選擇兩組QIO訊號的其中一組,但OKY2/O4只有一組QIO訊號可供選擇,而OKY1/O5並沒有提供QIO選項。用戶使用此功能需先開啟Quick-IO編輯器來做QIO訊號編輯。
 - ※ 注意: LED 1.5Hz / 3Hz / 6Hz flash 是指以 6kHz 的播放速度 時LED閃爍的頻率;不同的播放速度,LED閃爍的頻率也會不同。
- (10). 特殊功能選項"模式切換"(Mode-Switch):有兩種功能模式,可使用IO1或IO3輸入來當作模式切換開關(Mode-Switch),模式一(IO1→GND)與模式二(IO1→VDD)的所有輸出型態(Output Type)只能相同,但是I/O功能和語音內容可以不同。(光罩選擇)
- (11). 特殊功能選項 "上電播放" (Power-On-Play, POP): 電池一上電立即播放一次"上電播放語音組"(POP Sentence),觸發模式固定為 Edge / Unhold / Retrigger。如果POP結合 Power-On-Loop (POL) 功能,則上電會循環播放"上電播放語音組"(POP Sentence)。如果POP結合 Power-On-Loop Interrupt (POP Interrupt) 功能,則上電播放時有其他按鍵被觸發,上電播放會立即停止並播放該按鍵所指定的語音組。如果POP結合 Mode-Switch功能,則當模式切換後會先執行上電播放。(光罩選擇)
- (12). 特殊功能選項 "特殊聲控" (Special SC): 當聲控輸入與按鍵輸入同時存在,可以讓聲控輸入不會產生誤觸發,此時聲控輸入腳只能連接到OKY2/O4或IO3。當透過聲控觸發OKY2/O4或IO3來播放語音時,按下其他按鍵可以中斷語音播放,但當IC接受任何的觸發而播放語音時,聲控並無法被觸發。此功能可以讓使用者在同一個模組同時具備聲控和按鍵並存的功能,讓聲控不會干擾到按鍵的正常操作。(光罩選擇)



- (13). 特殊功能選項 "馬達復位" (Motor-Recover): 當使用復位馬達時可選擇此功能,使用者可以選擇OKY2/O4或 IO3當作馬達復位偵測腳,來判斷馬達是否已經回到初始位置。此時IO2將會被預設為馬達復位輸出腳位,有 3種不同的馬達復位訊號的選項: DC(直推訊號)、6Hz(6Hz頻率訊號)和12Hz(12Hz頻率訊號)。(光罩選擇)
- (14). 特殊功能選項"按鍵優先順序"(2-Key Priority):使用者可以決定先後按下兩鍵的優先播放順序,有2種順序選項:First Key (前鍵優先)和 Last Key (後鍵優先)。First Key為先按的按鍵優先,為一般正常的操作;Last Key則為後按的按鍵優先,然而Last Key只支援OKY1/O5及OKY2/O4,使用者可以根據應用需求來使用Last Key。(光罩選擇)
- (15). 特殊功能選項"觸發反向"(TG-Invert): 當語音格選取Invert功能時,在播放該段聲音時,原本輸入觸發的 Retrigger/Irretrigger模式會反轉。使用者可以根據應用需求在適當的語音格插入Invert功能,以改變觸發模式。(光罩選擇)
- (16). 特殊功能選項 "隨機列表播放" (Table Random): 當使用者需要可以平均的隨機播放好幾個語音組時可以選擇此功能。第一次觸發OKY1,會隨機選擇 OKY1 Sentences Table 內的其中一個語音組來播放,之後的OKY1 觸發,則在第一次觸發的語音組之後循序播放。(光罩選擇)
- (17). 特殊功能選項 "暫停/恢復播放" (Pause-Resume):在播放OKY1的語音組時,當OKY1按鍵一被觸發,則語音組會暫停播放,此時LED全滅,IC會進入睡眠狀態(Sleep Mode),靜態電流非常小(0.05uA),再次觸發OKY1則會從之前語音組暫停的地方恢復播放。(光罩選擇)

※注意: Pause-Resume 不能和 Toggle On/Off 功能同時存在。

- (18). 特殊功能選項 "內部觸發" (Internal-Feedback): 此功能有兩組。 當OKY1(OKY2) 的聲音播放中被重覆觸發或聲音播放結束時,利用內部的Stop_High-Pulse信號來自動觸發 OKY2(OKY1) 所指定的語音組(Internal-Feedback Path),播放該語音組一次。(光罩選擇)
 - ※注意: 當啟動此功能時,OKY1 或 OKY2 只能當做輸入腳。
- (19). 特殊功能選項 "防干擾Debounce" (Anti-Noise Debounce):設定輸入腳的訊號觸發需要先偵測到一段低電平 (Low)的Debounce時間,才會進行正常的高電平(High)觸發的Debounce偵測。此功能可以用來避免外部的馬達雜訊干擾,並不會因為按鍵過程中的觸發訊號被雜訊拉低,導致IC重複觸發。(光罩選擇)
 - ※注意: 當啟動此功能時,所有輸入口都會被設定為 Anti-Noise Debounce 功能。
- (20). 序列觸發功能(Serial-Trigger):在 Edge/Unhold/Retrigger 觸發模式下,使用OKY1或OKY2的 One-Key Sequential 和 Reset 功能,並設定觸發Debounce時間為Short Debounce,這樣就可以利用外部序列訊號輸入來控制OKYx 的特定Sentence播放,通常搭配外部MCU來控制。
- (21). 一組10-bit PWM輸出,有兩種PWM音量可供選擇(正常音量&大音量),可直接驅動 8Ω 、 16Ω 、 32Ω 、 64Ω 的 喇叭或蜂鳴片。(光罩選擇)
- (22). 支援低壓復位(LVR=1.5V)功能。(光罩選擇)



1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NY3D series are single-chip voice synthesizing CMOS IC. There are 12 bodies: NY3D005C, NY3D010C, NY3D016C, NY3D021C, NY3D032C, NY3D043C, NY3D054C, NY3D065C, NY3D076C, NY3D087C, NY3D100C and NY3D115C. Each body has five I/O pins. Through accurate internal oscillation, external Rosc is unnecessary. There is only one PWM output for voice. Thus any external component is not required. Using 5-bit Advanced DPCM algorithm with 10-bit PWM hardware output, customer's speech data can be programmed into ROM by changing one code mask during fabrication. Besides, two interactive software developing tools of "Q-Speech" & "Quick-IO" are user-friendly and quick for programming.

2. FEATURES

(1). Wide operating voltage: 1.6V ~ 5.5V.

(2). There are 12 bodies. ROM size and speech duration @ 6kHz are as following.

NY3D005	NY3D010	NY3D016	NY3D021	NY3D032	NY3D043	NY3D054	NY3D065	NY3D076	NY3D087	NY3D100	NY3D115
6C80H (27776)	EC80H (60544)	16C80H (93312)	1EC80H (126080)	2EC80H (191616)	3EC80H (257152)	4EC80H (322688)	5EC80H (388224)	6EC80H (453760)	7EC80H (519296)	96C80H (617600)	A6C80H (683136)
4.63s	10.09s	15.55s	21.01s	31.94s	42.89s	53.78s	64.70s	75.63s	86.55s	102.93s	113.86s

- (3). Five I/O pins: OKY1/O5, OKY2/O4, IO1, IO2 and IO3 can be either input or output pin (Mask option).
- (4). The total voice duration can be partitioned up to maximum 768 *Voice Sections*. Each *Voice Section* length is flexible and each maximum or minimum *Voice Section* length is unlimited.
- (5). Total maximum 1536 *Voice Steps* are available for 128 *Voice Sentences*. OKY1/O5, OKY2/O4, IO1, IO2, IO3 and POP can assign 64, 60, 1, 1, 1 and 1 *Sentences* independently. Each *Step* can specify one *Voice Section* and enable/disable IO1, IO2, IO3, OKY2/O4, OKY1/O5 output option if IOx is set as output.
- (6). Only build in an accurate internal oscillator of +/- 1.5% tolerance, <u>no external R oscillator</u>. There are normally 28 kinds of options for play speed, and each *Step* can select any one of them independently. Besides, a fast play speed of 28 kinds of options is provided additionally for high sampling rate application. (New play speed must be cooperated with NY3(B)_FDB Ver.B or later version.)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
24.0kHz	20.0kHz	17.1kHz	15.0kHz	13.3kHz	12.0kHz	10.9kHz	10.0kHz	9.2kHz	8.6kHz
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
8.0kHz	7.5kHz	7.1kHz	6.7kHz	6.3kHz	6.0kHz	5.7kHz	5.5kHz	5.2kHz	5.0kHz
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		_
4.8kHz	4.6kHz	4.4kHz	4.3kHz	4.1kHz	4.0kHz	3.9kHz	3.8kHz		

- (7). Input option for input pin: (Mask option)
 - (a). Each input can select Edge/Level, Hold/Unhold and Retrigger/Irretrigger trigger modes.
 - (b). Each input can select CDS+1.5M \cdot CDS \cdot 1.5M pull-low resistor or Floating type.
 (CDS+1.5M option: Only 1.5M pull-low resistance at key-pressed, and 300K+1.5M in parallel pull-low resistance around 250K at key-released. CDS option: Floating at key-pressed, and 300K pull-low resistance at key-released.)

6



- (c). Each input can select Debounce time: Long debounce for push-button. Short debounce for fast switch.
- (d). OKY1/O5 & OKY2/O4 input can select One-Key Sequential or Random for maximum 64 & 60 Sentences independently. At One-Key Sequential, the Reset function of playing Sentence sequence can be selected or not when other keys are triggered.
- (e). Only one input pin can select Toggle On/Off function (1^{st} Trigger \rightarrow play, 2^{nd} trigger \rightarrow stop,).
- ※ Note: Input priority is OKY1/05 > OKY2/04 > IO1 > IO2 > IO3.
- (8). There are 4 kinds of output current option for all output pins. (Mask option)
 - (a). Normal Sink Current output: Output is connected a LED with VDD. (IoI=20mA/30mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (b). Large Sink Current output: Output is connected a LED with VDD. (IoI=58mA/75mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (c). Constant Sink Current output: Output is connected a LED with VDD. Whenever VDD is 3V or 4.5V, the output current is constant and LED brightness is uniform. (IoI=20mA/22mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
 - (d). Drive Current output: Output is connected a LED with GND. (Ioh=7mA/10mA @VDD=3V/4.5V)
- (9). There are 9 kinds of output option for all output pins: (Mask option)
 - (a). Stop_Low pulse: Low active stop-pulse output whenever device stop playing.
 - (b). Stop High pulse: high active stop-pulse output whenever device stop playing.
 - (c). Busy_High active: high active signal output during playing. (Drive output)
 - (d). Busy_Low active: low active signal output during playing. (Sink output)
 - (e). LED 1.5Hz flash: 1.5Hz sink signal output to drive LED during playing.
 - (f). LED 3Hz flash: 3Hz sink signal output to drive LED during playing.
 - (g). LED 6Hz flash: 6Hz sink signal output to drive LED during playing.
 - (h). LED dynamic 1/2: according to 1/2 sound level, dynamic sink signal output to drive LED during playing.
 - (i). QIO signal: arbitrary output with voice. For IO1, IO2 and IO3, there are two sets of QIO signal. Each *Voice Step* can select one set of QIO signal. But for OKY2/O4, there is only one set of QIO signal to select. And for OKY1/O5, there is no QIO signal to select. User can edit the QIO signal by "Quick-IO" editor.
 - ※ Note: Where (e) ~ (g) is the LED flash rate at 6kHz sample rate. For different play speed, the LED flash rate is different from original 1.4Hz, 3Hz or 6Hz.
- (10). "Mode-Switch" special function: There is two kinds of functional modes that can be switched by IO1 or IO3 input (Mode-Switch). For Mode-1 (IO1 → GND) and Mode-2 (IO1→VDD), the output type of I/O setting is the same, but I/O function and voice/melody can be different. (Mask option)
- (11). "Power-On-Play" special function (POP): When power is on, play the POP Sentence one time. The trigger mode is fixed as Edge / Unhold / Retrigger. To cooperate with Power-On-Loop function, the POP Sentence will be played in loop until other key-trigger happened. When other key is triggered, it stops playing the POP Sentence and immediately plays the assigned sentence of triggered key. (Mask option)
- (12). "Special SC" special function: When sound-control input stands with push-button input together, sound-control won't mis-trigger IC. The sound-control input pin can only be connected to OKY2/O4 or IO3. While playing voice by sound-control input, to press push-button input can stop voice paying. But while playing voice by push-button input, sound-control input can't trigger IC to stop voice paying. This special function can be applied in one module with both sound-control input and push-button input, i.e. sound-control won't

7



affect normal operation of push-button key trigger. (Mask option)

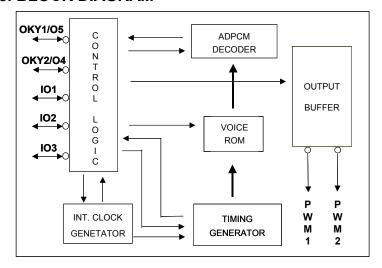
- (13). "Motor-Recover" special function: User can select this function when using the recovering motor. In this application, IO2 is set as output to control the recovering motor. And the motor recovering sensor must be connected to OKY2/O4 or IO3 to detect the recovering signal. (Mask option)
- (14). "2-Key Priority" special function: Users can decide the priority of 2 different keys when both keys are pressed at the same time. There are two kinds of priority option: First Key and Last Key. For First Key, the prior pressed key is first priority to play voice, and it's normal operation. As for Last Key, the later pressed key is first priority to play voice, and it only supports OKY1/O5 and OKY2/O4 input pins. Users can use Last Key option according to application requirement. (Mask option)
- (15). "TG-Invert" special function: When one Voice Step is optioned with Invert function, the trigger mode of Retrigger/Irretrigger will be inverted during playing that Voice Section. Users can insert Invert function in specific steps according to application requirement to change the trigger mode. (Mask option)
- (16). "Table Random" special function: When users need to play several sentences randomly and averagely, this function can be applied. At first trigger of OKY1, one random sentence will be played from OKY1 Sentences Table. After that, the played sentences for following OKY1 triggers will be sequential. (Mask option)
- (17). "Pause-Resume" special function: At playing OKY1 sentence, when key is triggered, the sentence playing will be paused, all LEDs are turned off and IC will enter sleep mode. At this moment, the standby current is very small about 0.05uA. To trigger OKY1 again, the sentence will resume and play sentence from the pause point. (Mask option)
 - ※ Note: Pause-Resume function cannot co-exist with Toggle On/Off function.
- (18). "Internal-Feedback" special function: There are 2 sets of this function. When the playing sentence of OKY1(OKY2) is stopped or over, continue to play the assigned sentence of OKY2(OKY1) through internal Stop_High-Pulse signal (Internal-Feedback Path). (Mask option)
 - X Note: When enable this function, OKY1 ∕05 or OKY2 ∕04 is fixed as input pin.
- (19). "Anti-Noise Debounce" special function: For a right trigger detection, the trigger signal needs a low-level Debounce time in advance of normal Debounce detection for high-level signal. It is used to prevent noise interference such like motor noise. With this function, the trigger signal won't result in double-trigger which usually occur when noise pull the high signal to low. (Mask option)
 - ※ Note: When enable this function, all inputs are optioned as Anti-Noise Debounce function.
- (20). Serial-Trigger function: In Edge/Unhold/Retrigger mode, by using the One-Key Sequential and Reset functions of OKY1 or OKY2 and setting the Debounce time to be short, IC can access external serial clock signal to playback the specific Sentence of OKYx. Usually it cooperates with an external MCU.
- (21). One 10-bit PWM output. There are 2 kinds of PWM output, normal and large. It can directly drive 8, 16, 32, 64Ω speaker or piezo-buzzer.

8

(22). Low Voltage Reset (LVR=1.5V) is supported. (Mask option)



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



4. PAD DESCRIPTION

Pad Name	Pad No.	ATTR.	Description
OKY1/O5	1	I	Input or output pin. To be input, active high.
OKY2/O4	2	I/O	Input or output pin. To be input, active high.
IO1	3	I/O	Input or output pin. To be input, active high.
IO2	4	I/O	Input or output pin. To be input, active high.
IO3	5	I/O	Input or output pin. To be input, active high.
GND	6	Power	Negative power.
VDD	7	Power	Positive power.
PWM1	8	0	PWM output 1.
PWM2	9	0	PWM output 2.

5. DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION

User can use "Q-Speech" & "Quick-IO" software tools to develop the desired functions. After finishing the code programming, user will get 2 files of ".bin" and ".htm", the binary file and function check list. Through "FDB_Writer" operation, user can download the ".bin" file into NY3(B)_FDB flash demo board to demonstrate the NY3D function. Once the function has been approved, user only need to send the ".bin" file to Nyquest for code release. For more details, please refer to "Q-Speech" & "Quick-IO" user manual.

2Mb/4M/8Mb Flash Demo board	NY3(B)_FDB-02	NY3(B)_FDB-04	NY3(B)_FDB-08		
Max. demo body	NY3D043B	NY3D087B	NY3D115B		

9

6. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

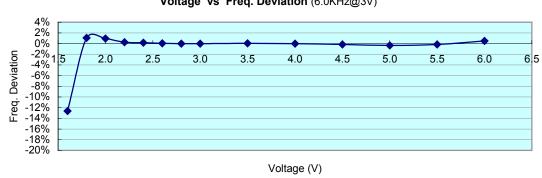
Symbol	Rating	Unit
VDD~GND	-0.5 ~ +7.0	V
Vin	GND-0.3 < Vin < VDD+0.3	V
Vout	GND < Vout < VDD	V
Top (operating)	-0 ~ +70	°C
Tst (storage)	-55 ~ + 150	°C



7. DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	VDD	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
VDD	Operating voltage		1.6	3.0	5.5	V	1.54MHz
		3.0		0.1	0.5		LVR and POP disabled
	Standby current	4.5		0.1	0.5	uA	LVR and POP disabled
I _{SB}	Standby Current	3.0		0.5		uA	LVR or POP enabled
		4.5		1.2			LVK of FOF enabled
I _{OP}	Operating current	3.0		0.73		mA	No load.
IOP	Operating current	4.5		2.26		IIIA	No load.
	Input current	3.0		2		uA	
1	(1.5M ohms pull-low)	4.5		5		uA	V _{IL} =V _{DD}
I _{IH}	Input current	3.0		30		uA	V IL – V DD
	(300K ohms pull-low)	4.5		85		uA	
I _{OH}	Output drive current	3.0		-7		mA	V _{OH} =2.0V
·ОН	Output drive current	4.5		-10		шА	V _{OH} =3.5V
	Output normal sink current	3.0		20		mA	
	Output normal sink current	4.5		30		ША	
I _{OL}	Output large sink current	3.0		58		mA	V _{OL} =1.0V
IOL	Output large sink current	4.5		75		ША	V OL - 1.0 V
	Output constant sink current	3.0		20		mA	
	Catput constant sink carrent	4.5		21		1117 (
	PWM output current	3.0		60		mA	
I _{PWM}	(Normal)	4.5		100		1117 (Load=8 ohms
PWM	PWM output current	3.0		70		mA	Load o omno
	(Large)	4.5		117		1117 (
	Frequency deviation	3.0		0.2		%	Fosc(3.0v)-Fosc(2.4v) Fosc(3v)
∆F/F	by voltage drop	4.5		-0.5		/0	$\frac{Fosc(4.5v)-Fosc(3.0v)}{Fosc(4.5v)}$
	Frequency lot deviation		-1.5		1.5	%	Fmax(VDD)-Fmin(VDD) Fmax(VDD)
Fosc	Oscillation Frequency		1.23	1.54	1.60	MHz	VDD=1.6~5.5V

Voltage vs Freq. Deviation (6.0KHz@3V)

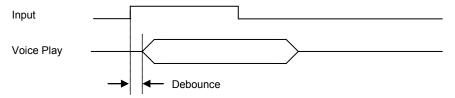




8. TIMING DIAGRAM

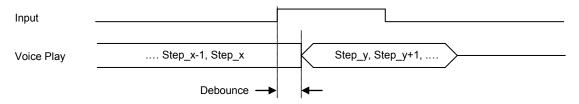
(1) Debounce Time

(a). Trigger while no playing voice



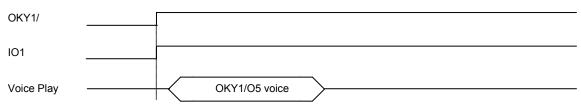
※ Debounce time is configured by 7.2 kHz S.R and the value is fixed. That is, Long debounce=17ms, Short debounce = 42us

(b). Trigger While playing voice



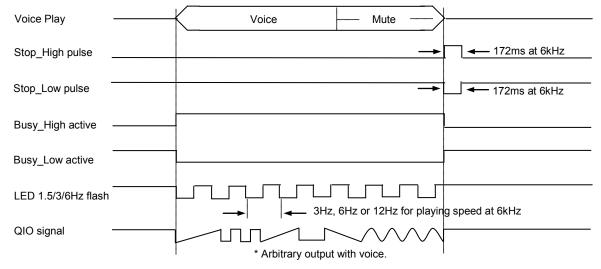
Debounce Time is configured by the S.R. of Step_x. At S.R. = 6kHz, Long debounce = 20ms, Short debounce = 50us
 For example, if Step_x S.R. = 8kHz, Long debounce = 20ms*(6k/8k) = 15ms, Short debounce = 50us*(6k/8k) = 37.5us

(2) Input Priority



% Priority: OKY1/O5 > OKY2 > IO1 > IO2 > IO3

(3) Output Signal (IO1, IO2, IO3, O4)



11

LED dynamic 1/2: When the voice amplitude is higher than 1/2 level, LED will be ON, i.e. output signal is low.

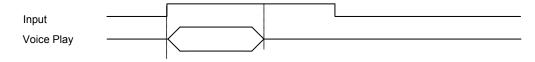


(4) Basic Operation

(a). Edge mode, Edge trigger



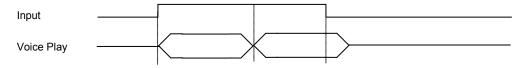
(b). Edge mode, Level trigger



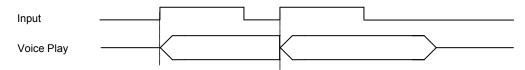
(c). Level mode, Edge trigger



(d). Level mode, Level trigger



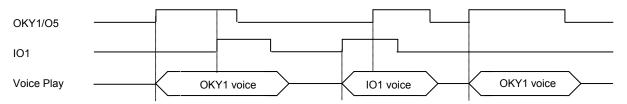
(e). Retrigger mode



(f). Irretrigger mode



(g). Retrigger mode, first key priority

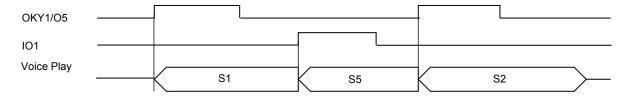




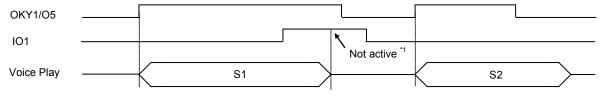
(5) Advanced Operation

(a). Different Input Reload (OKY1 is in Sequential mode)

(a-1) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1(E/U/R) = S5 (S1 means Sentence 1)

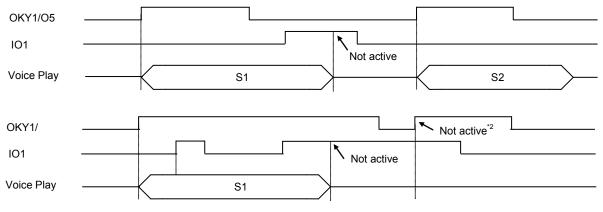


(a-2) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/x/x) = S5



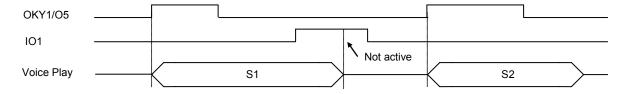
^{*1:} If you press IO1 during OKY1/O5 voice playing, at the moment of S1 end, the trigger mode follows

(a-3) OKY1 (E/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (E/x/x) = S5

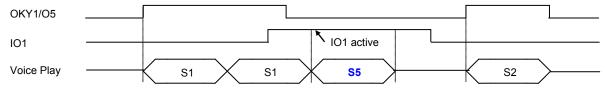


^{*2:} Because IO1 signal is still high in the same time IC can't accept the OKY1/O5 Edge signal.

(a-4) OKY1 (E/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/x/x) = S5



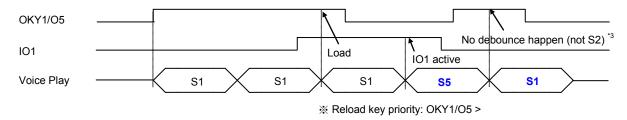
(a-5) OKY1 (L/U/x) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (E/x/x) = S5



- ※ In the time of Sentence end: When S1 end, the trigger mode follows OKY1/O5 (L/U/x). When S5 end, it follows IO1

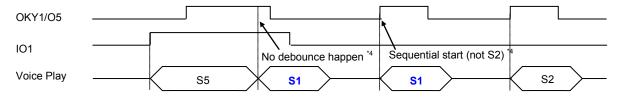


(a-6) OKY1 (L/U/x) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/U/I) = S5



^{*3:} In OKY1/O5 mode, Sequential number is counted only if there is debounce happened.

(a-7) OKY1 (L/U/x) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/U/x) = S5

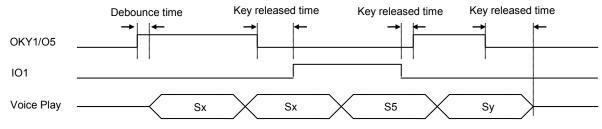


*4: In OKY mode, 1st trigger without debounce and Sequential number is still "1". 2nd trigger with debounce, after trigger the Sequential number become "2".

(b). Random Function

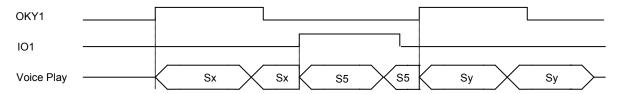
(b-1) OKY1 (L/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/U/I) = S5

Random (or Sequential) number is counted during "debounce time" or "key released time". But the first-time trigger only relies on "debounce time" due to no "key release time".



x=1, 2, 3 or 4; y=1, 2, 3 or 4 (x and y are random number)

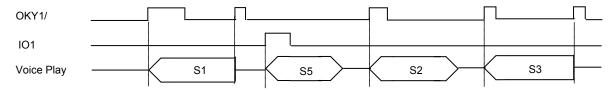
(b-2) OKY1 (L/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (L/U/R) = S16



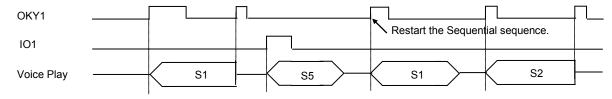


(c). Toggle On/Off Function

(c-1) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (E/U/R) = S5 (OKY1 is Sequential mode without Reset)

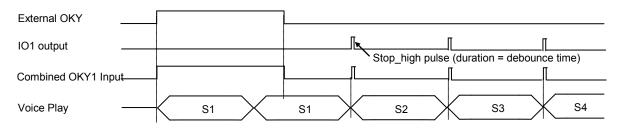


(c-2) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (E/U/R) = S16 (OKY1 is Sequential mode with Reset)



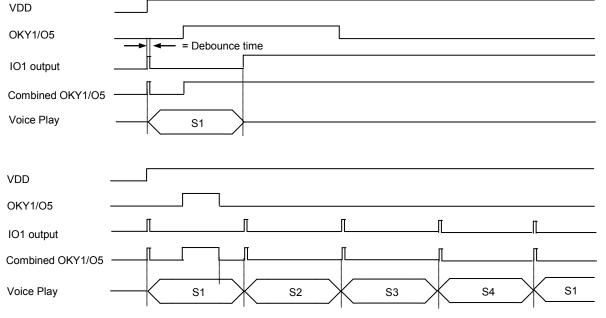
(d). External Feedback Function (IO1 is output and connected to OKY1 input)

(d-1) OKY1 (L/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1=Stop_high pulse (When voice ends, IO1 shows a high pulse.)



※ Originally the duration of Stop_high pulse is 172ms at 6kHz, but the high signal will trigger voice and turn low after debounce.

(d-2) OKY1 (E/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1= Busy_low (When not playing voice, IO1 is high.)



When power on, IO1 will generate a high pulse at Busy_low status and the duration is equal to debounce time.

15

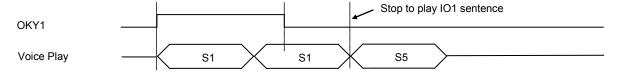


(e). Internal-Feedback Function (OKY1/O5 is fixed as input)

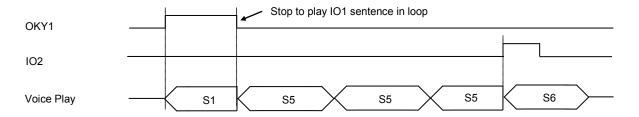
Each sentence can assign an Internal-Feedback Path to play a fixed sentence after IO's sentence stop.

(e-1) OKY1 (L/U/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, OKY2 = S5, Internal-Feedback Path = OKY1/O5 → OKY2

If S1 is optioned with Internal-Feedback Path,



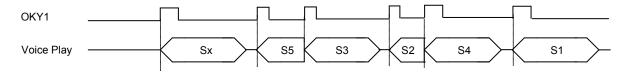
(e-2) OKY1 (L/H/I) = S1 S2 S3 S4, OKY2 (x/x/R) = S5, IO2 (E/U/I) = S6, Internal-Feedback Path = OKY1/O5 \rightarrow OKY2 If both S1 and S5 are optioned with Internal-Feedback Path,



(f). Table-Random Function

When power in on, a random number is counted automatically. The first-time trigger will play the sentence of random number (Sx), and the next trigger will be sequential.

(f-1) OKY1 (E/U/R) = \$3 \$2 \$5 \$4 \$1 \$3 \$2 \$x \$5 \$3 \$2 \$4 \$1 \$3 \$2 \$5 \$1 \$4 \$5 \$3 \$1 \$2



(g). Pause-Resume Function

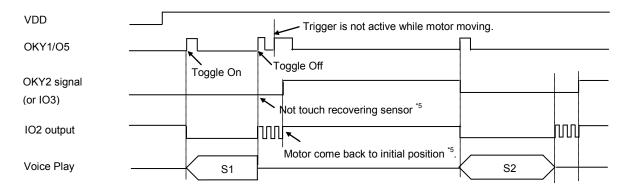
(g-1) OKY1 (L/U/R) = S1 S2





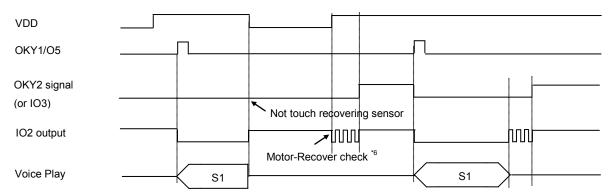
(h). Motor-Recover Function

(h-1) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO2= Busy_low (OKY1 is Toggle On/Off and OKY2 is connected to sensor.)



*5: If motor doesn't stop at initial position when voice stop playing, IO2 will output one kind of signal (DC, 15Hz or 30Hz option) to keep motor moving to initial position.

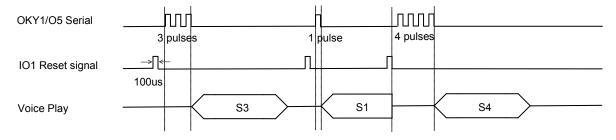
(h-2) OKY1 (E/U/R) = S1 S2 S3 S4, IO2= Busy_low (OKY1 is Toggle On/Off and OKY2 is connected to sensor.)



*6: If motor doesn't stay at initial position when power-on, IO2 will output one kind of signal (DC, 15Hz or 30Hz option) to keep motor moving to initial position.

(i). Serial-Trigger Function (All inputs must be set as short debounce)

OKY1 (E/U/R) =S1 S2 S3 S4, IO1 (E/U/R) =S5 (OKY1 Reset is enabled, and S5 is a short mute Sentence)



※ The pulse width must be longer than 50us (i.e. short debounce time), and users can set the typical pulse width as 100us.

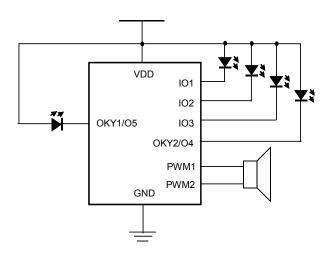
* The above is the simplest 2-wire control by external MCU. If necessary, user can use 3-wrie control with Busy_High outptut signal to do feedback.

17

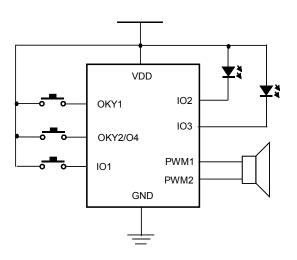


9. APPLICATION

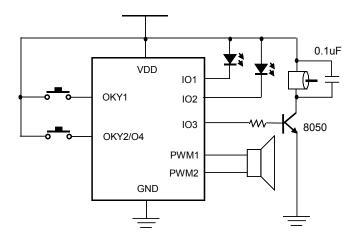
(1) POP trigger with 5 LEDs (Sink)



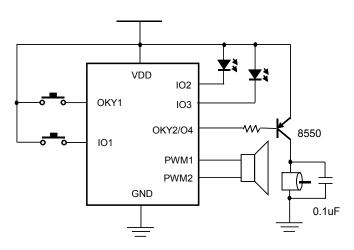
(2) 3 triggers with 2 LEDs (Sink)



(3) 2 triggers with 2 LEDs (Sink) and1 motor (Drive)



(4) 2 triggers with 2 LEDs (Sink) and1 motor (Sink)

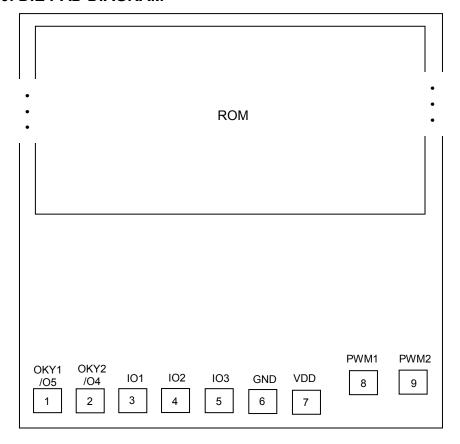


18

^{*} Please contact Nyquest or her agents if users want to add any power capacitor between VDD and GND.



10. DIE PAD DIAGRAM



^{*} The IC substrate must be connected to GND or Floating.